

#### AVTECH ELECTROSYSTEMS LTD.

NANOSECOND WAVEFORM ELECTRONICS SINCE 1975

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**INSTRUCTIONS** 

MODEL AVB1-1-C

0 TO 100 VOLTS PEAK-TO-PEAK

MONOCYCLE GENERATOR

SERIAL NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

#### <u>WARRANTY</u>

Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. warrants products of its manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship under conditions of normal use. If, within one year after delivery to the original owner, and after prepaid return by the original owner, this Avtech product is found to be defective, Avtech shall at its option repair or replace said defective item. This warranty does not apply to units which have been dissembled, modified or subjected to conditions exceeding the applicable specifications or ratings. This warranty is the extent of the obligation assumed by Avtech with respect to this product and no other warranty or guarantee is either expressed or implied.

### **TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

Phone: 888-670-8729 (USA & Canada) or +1-613-226-5772 (Intl) Fax: 800-561-1970 (USA & Canada) or +1-613-226-2802 (Intl)

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Manual Reference: Z:\officefiles\instructword\avb\AVB1-1-C,edition1.odt. Last modified November 1, 2007. Copyright © 2007 Avtech Electrosystems Ltd, All Rights Reserved.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The AVB1-1-C series of monocycle generators allows the generation of high-speed monocycle waveforms, with peak-to-peak amplitudes of > 100 V (non-adjustable) into  $50\Omega$  loads.

The monocycle center frequency is fixed at the factory. For a model number of the form AVB1-1-C-XXX, the center frequency is XXX MHz. The center frequency can be factory-set in the range of 200 to 400 MHz.

See the online application note, "TB13 - How Is the Center Frequency of a Monocycle Waveform Measured?" at http://www.avtechpulse.com/appnote/techbrief13/ for information about center frequency measurements.

The AVE1-C can operate at repetition rates of up to 100 kHz.

The output is designed to drive  $50\Omega$  loads. (A  $50\Omega$  load is required for proper operation.) The output is AC-coupled.

This instrument is intended for use in research, development, test and calibration laboratories by qualified personnel.

### AVAILABLE OPTIONS

The AVB1-1-C is available with several options:

-AK1 Option: an accessory kit that consists of three SMA, 18 GHz, 2 Watt attenuators (10, 20 & 30 dB) for use on the output, and two 50 Ohm, 1 GHz, 1 Watt feed-through terminators (one SMA, one BNC) for use on external trigger inputs.

-OS Option: an externally generated DC offset can be added to the output.

-R5 Option: rack-mount kit.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Model:	AVB1-1-C <sup>1</sup>			
Center frequency:	200 – 400 MHz, fixed-tuned <sup>2</sup>			
Amplitude: (50 Ohm load)	≥ 100 Volts, peak to peak			
Pulse repetition frequency:	100 kHz maximum			
Spurious signals:	-26 dB with respect to peak			
Propagation delay:	≤ 50 ns (Ext trig in to pulse out)			
Jitter:	± 15 ps (Ext trig in to pulse out)			
DC offset or bias insertion:	Option available. Apply required DC offset or bias in the range of ± 50 Volts, (250 mA max) to back panel solder terminal. See note 3.			
Trigger required:	Ext trig mode: + 5 Volt, 50 to 500 ns (TTL)			
Sync delay:	Sync out to pulse out: Variable 0 to 200 ns			
Sync output:	+3 Volts, 200 ns, will drive 50 Ohm loads			
Connectors:	Out: SMA, Trig: BNC, Monitor: SMA			
Dimensions (H x W x D):	100 x 430 x 375 mm (3.9" x 17" x 14.8")			
Power requirements:	100 - 240 Volts, 50-60 Hz			
Temperature range:	+5°C to +40°C			
Chassis material:	Cast aluminum frame & handles, blue vinyl on aluminum cover plates			
Mounting:	Any			

-C suffix indicates stand-alone lab instrument with internal clock and line powering.
 The required center frequency in the range of 200 MHz to 400 MHz must be specified at the time of ordering.
 For DC offset option suffix model number with -OS. Avtech Model AVX-T bias tee can also be used to obtain DC offset.

## EUROPEAN REGULATORY NOTES

## EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We Avtech Electrosystems Ltd. P.O. Box 5120, LCD Merivale Ottawa, Ontario Canada K2C 3H4

declare that this pulse generator meets the intent of Directive 89/336/EEC for Electromagnetic Compatibility. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 50081-1 Emission

EN 50082-1 Immunity

and that this pulse generator meets the intent of the Low Voltage Directive 72/23/EEC as amended by 93/68/EEC. Compliance pertains to the following specifications as listed in the official Journal of the European Communities:

EN 61010-1:2001 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use



### DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

This instrument is exempt from Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in electrical and electronic equipment. Specifically, Avtech instruments are considered "Monitoring and control instruments" (Category 9) as defined in Annex 1A of Directive 2002/96/EC. The Directive 2002/95/EC only applies to Directive 2002/96/EC categories 1-7 and 10, as stated in the "Article 2 - Scope" section of Directive 2002/95/EC.

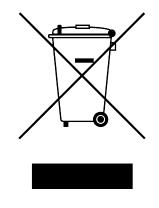
### DIRECTIVE 2002/96/EC (WEEE)

European customers who have purchased this equipment directly from Avtech will have completed a "WEEE Responsibility Agreement" form, accepting responsibility for

WEEE compliance (as mandated in Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Union and local laws) on behalf of the customer, as provided for under Article 9 of Directive 2002/96/EC.

Customers who have purchased Avtech equipment through local representatives should consult with the representative to determine who has responsibility for WEEE compliance. Normally, such responsibilities with lie with the representative, unless other arrangements (under Article 9) have been made.

Requirements for WEEE compliance may include registration of products with local governments, reporting of recycling activities to local governments, and financing of recycling activities.



#### **INSTALLATION**

#### VISUAL CHECK

After unpacking the instrument, examine to ensure that it has not been damaged in shipment. Visually inspect all connectors, knobs, and handles. Confirm that a power cord is with the instrument. If the instrument has been damaged, file a claim immediately with the company that transported the instrument.

#### POWER RATINGS

This instrument is intended to operate from 100 - 240 V, 50 - 60 Hz.

The maximum power consumption is 57 Watts. Please see the "FUSES" section for information about the appropriate AC and DC fuses.

This instrument is an "Installation Category II" instrument, intended for operation from a normal single-phase supply.

#### CONNECTION TO THE POWER SUPPLY

An IEC-320 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket. The other end of the detachable power cord plugs into the local mains supply. Use only the cable supplied with the instrument. The mains supply must be earthed, and the cord used to connect the instrument to the mains supply must provide an earth connection. (The supplied cord does this.)

 $\cancel{k}$  Warning: Failure to use a grounded outlet may result in injury or death due to electric shock. This product uses a power cord with a ground connection. It must be connected to a properly grounded outlet. The instrument chassis is connected to the ground wire in the power cord.

The table below describes the power cord that is normally supplied with this instrument, depending on the destination region:

Destination Region	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number	
Continental Europe	European CEE 7/7 "Schuko" 230V, 50Hz	Qualtek (http://www.qualtekusa.com)	319004-T01	
United Kingdom	BS 1363, 230V, 50Hz	Qualtek (http://www.qualtekusa.com)	370001-E01	
Switzerland	SEV 1011, 2 30V, 50Hz	Volex (http://www.volex.com)	2102H-C3-10	
Israel	SI 32, 220V, 50Hz	Volex (http://www.volex.com)	2115H-C3-10	
North America, and all other areas	NEMA 5-15, 120V, 60 Hz	Qualtek (http://www.qualtekusa.com)	312007-01	

# PROTECTION FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK

Operators of this instrument must be protected from electric shock at all times. The owner must ensure that operators are prevented access and/or are insulated from every connection point. In some cases, connections must be exposed to potential human contact. Operators must be trained to protect themselves from the risk of electric shock. This instrument is intended for use by qualified personnel who recognize shock hazards and are familiar with safety precautions required to avoid possibly injury. In particular, operators should:

- 1. Keep exposed high-voltage wiring to an absolute minimum.
- 2. Wherever possible, use shielded connectors and cabling.
- 3. Connect and disconnect loads and cables only when the instrument is turned off.
- 4. Keep in mind that all cables, connectors, oscilloscope probes, and loads must have an appropriate voltage rating.
- 5. Do not attempt any repairs on the instrument, beyond the fuse replacement procedures described in this manual. Contact Avtech technical support (see page 2 for contact information) if the instrument requires servicing. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

# ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

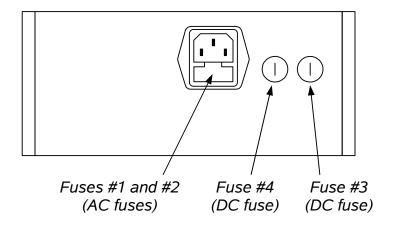
This instrument is intended for use under the following conditions:

- 1. indoor use;
- 2. altitude up to 2 000 m;
- 3. temperature 5 °C to 40 °C;

- maximum relative humidity 80 % for temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50 % relative humidity at 40 °C;
  Mains supply voltage fluctuations up to ±10 % of the nominal voltage;
  no pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution.

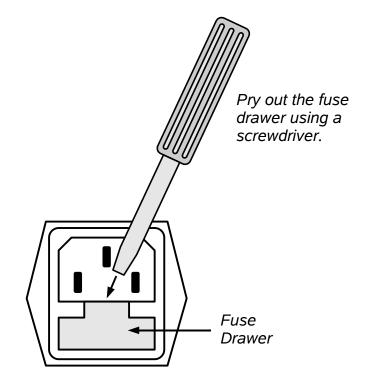
#### FUSES

This instrument contains four fuses. All are accessible from the rear-panel. Two protect the AC prime power input, and two protect the internal DC power supplies. The locations of the fuses on the rear panel are shown in the figure below:



### AC FUSE REPLACEMENT

To physically access the AC fuses, the power cord must be detached from the rear panel of the instrument. The fuse drawer may then be extracted using a small flat-head screwdriver, as shown below:



### DC FUSE REPLACEMENT

The DC fuses may be replaced by inserting the tip of a flat-head screwdriver into the fuse holder slot, and rotating the slot counter-clockwise. The fuse and its carrier will then pop out.

#### FUSE RATINGS

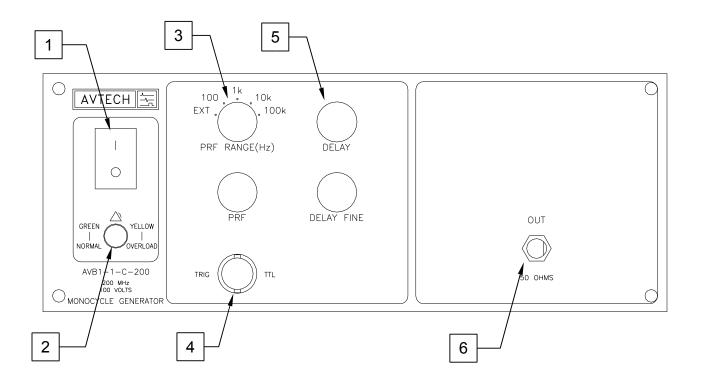
The following table lists the required fuses:

	Nominal			Recommended F	Replacement Part
Fuses	Mains Voltage	Rating	Case Size	Littelfuse Part Number	Digi-Key Stock Number
#1, #2 (AC)	100-240V	0.5A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	0218.500HXP	F2416-ND
#3 (DC)	N/A	0.8A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	0218.800HXP	F2418-ND
#4 (DC)	N/A	0.25A, 250V, Time-Delay	5×20 mm	0218.250HXP	F2413-ND

The recommended fuse manufacturer is Littelfuse (http://www.littelfuse.com).

Replacement fuses may be easily obtained from Digi-Key (http://www.digikey.com) and other distributors.

#### FRONT PANEL CONTROLS



- 1) <u>POWER Switch</u>. This is the main power switch. When turning the instrument on, there may be a delay of several seconds before the instrument appears to respond.
- 2) <u>OVERLOAD Indicator</u>. When the instrument is powered, this indicator is normally green, indicating normal operation. If this indicator is yellow, an internal automatic overload protection circuit has been tripped. If the unit is overloaded (by operating at an exceedingly high duty cycle or by operating into a very low impedance), the protective circuit will disable the output of the instrument and turn the indicator light yellow. The light will stay yellow (i.e. output disabled) for about 5 seconds after which the instrument will attempt to re-enable the output (i.e. light green) for about 1 second. If the overload condition persists, the output will be disabled again (i.e. light yellow) for another 5 seconds. If the overload condition has been removed, the instrument will resume normal operation.

This overload indicator may flash yellow briefly at start-up. This is not a cause for concern.

 <u>PRF Range Switch</u>. This switch sets the pulse repetition frequency (PRF) range of the internal oscillator. The marked value of each position is the upper limit of the 10:1 range, approximately. The vernier dial directly below the switch varies the PRF within the set range. If this switched is set to the "EXT" position, the instrument is triggered by a signal applied to the TRIG connector, rather than by the internal oscillator.

4) <u>TRIG Connector</u>. When the PRF Range Switch is set to one of the four internal oscillator ranges, this connector is an output, which supplies a 2V, 200 ns wide pulse for each trigger event. This output may be used to trigger oscilloscopes or other equipment.

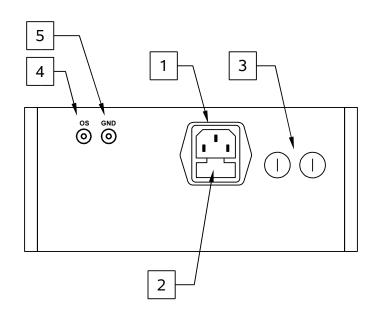
When the PRF Range Switch is set to "EXT", the instrument is triggered by a TTL pulse applied to this connector. The pulse must be at least 50 ns wide. The input impedance of this input is  $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

Depending on the length of cable attached to this input, and the source driving it, it may be desirable to add a coaxial 50 Ohm terminator to this input to provide a proper transmission line termination. The Pasternack (www.pasternack.com) PE6008-50 BNC feed-thru 50 Ohm terminator is suggested for this purpose. For systems using SMA connectors, the PE6026 SMA feed-thru 50 Ohm terminator is suggested.

- <u>Delay Controls</u>. When the PRF Range Switch is set to one of the four internal oscillator ranges, the main output is delayed relative to the TRIG output pulse (item 3). The delay is variable up to 500 ns, approximately, using the DELAY and DELAY FINE dials.
- 6) <u>OUT Connector</u>. This connector provides the main output signal, into load impedances of  $50\Omega$ . (This output *requires* a  $50\Omega$  load to function properly).

A Caution: Voltages as high as 100V peak-to-peak may be present on the center conductor of this output connector. Avoid touching this conductor. Connect to this connector using standard coaxial cable, to ensure that the center conductor is not exposed.

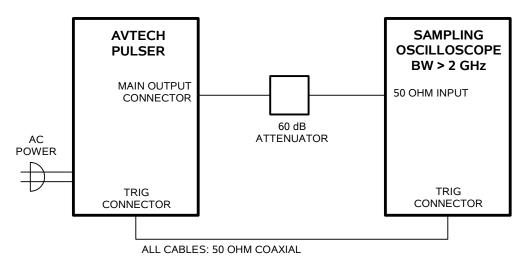
#### **REAR PANEL CONTROLS**



- 1. <u>AC POWER INPUT</u>. An IEC-320 C14 three-pronged recessed male socket is provided on the back panel for AC power connection to the instrument. One end of the detachable power cord that is supplied with the instrument plugs into this socket.
- 2. <u>AC FUSE DRAWER</u>. The two fuses that protect the AC input are located in this drawer. Please see the "FUSES" section of this manual for more information.
- 3. <u>DC FUSES</u>. These two fuses protect the internal DC power supplies. Please see the "FUSES" sections of this manual for more information.
- 4. <u>OS INPUT CONNECTOR</u>. (Present on units with -OS option only.) A DC offset in the range of ±50V (250 mA max) may be applied to this solder terminal. The DC offset will appear on the output. When this feature is not used, the OS input should be connected to ground (using the adjacent GND connector). This is especially important when driving loads containing a diode.
- 5. <u>GND CONNECTOR</u>. This solder terminal is connected to ground. It may be used to ground the OS input connector.

# BASIC TEST ARRANGEMENT

The AVB1-1-C should be tested with a sampling oscilloscope with a bandwidth of at least 2 GHz to properly observe the high-speed waveform. A typical test arrangement is shown below:



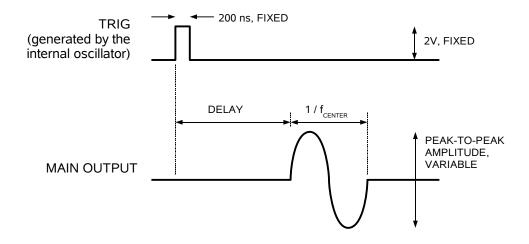
The attenuators are required to prevent damage to the sampling oscilloscope. A 60 dB attenuator with sufficient voltage rating should be used on the main output.

### BASIC PULSE CONTROL

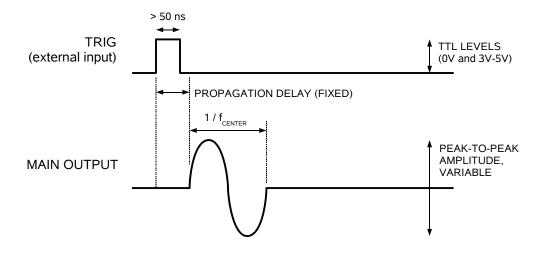
This instrument can be triggered by its own internal clock or by an external TTL trigger signal. When triggered internally, two mainframe output channels respond to the trigger: OUT and SYNC.

- OUT. This is the main output.
- TRIG. The TRIG pulse is a fixed-width TTL-level reference pulse used to trigger oscilloscopes or other measurement systems.

The TRIG output precedes the main output. These pulses are illustrated below:

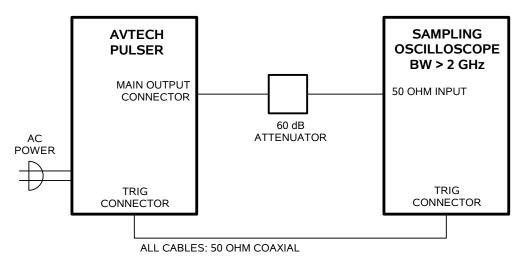


When triggered externally, the TRIG connector acts as an input. The delay controls do not function in this mode. This illustrated below:



This section describes a sequence to confirm the basic operation of the instrument. It should be performed after receiving the instrument. It is a useful learning exercise as well.

Before proceeding with this procedure, finish reading this instruction manual thoroughly.





- 1. Connect the pulse generator to a sampling oscilloscope as shown above. Leave the pulse generator turned off for now. Note that:
  - a) The use of 60 dB attenuator at the sampling scope vertical input channel will ensure a peak input signal to the sampling scope of less than 1 Volt.
     WARNING: This model may provide a peak output power in excess of 2 kW. The peak power rating of the attenuator must exceed this limit.
     Factory tests are conducted using Midwest Microwave model ATT-0527-20-SMA-07 attenuators.
  - b) The TRIG output channel provides TTL level signals (approximately 0 and +3V). To avoid overdriving the TRIG input channel of some scopes, a 20 dB attenuator might be needed at the input to the scope trigger channel.
  - c) The bandwidth capability of components and instruments used to display the pulse generator output signal (attenuators, cables, connectors, etc.) should exceed 2 GHz.
  - d) Set the oscilloscope to trigger externally with the vertical setting at 50 mV/div and the horizontal setting at 10 ns/div.

- 2. Set the ADVANCE / DELAY switch to "ADVANCE". Set the upper delay dial to mid-range.
- 3. Set the PRF RANGE switch to 100 kHz. Rotate the PRF fine control to midrange.
- 4. Observe the oscilloscope. You should see 100V monocycles, approximately. If you do not, you may need to adjust the delay setting to a value more compatible with your sampling oscilloscope.
- 5. This completes the operational check.

#### MINIMIZING WAVEFORM DISTORTIONS

## USE 50Ω TRANSMISSION LINES AND LOADS

Connect the load to the pulse generator with  $50\Omega$  transmission lines (e.g. RG-58 or RG-174 cable).

This instrument requires a  $50\Omega$  load for proper operation. It will not properly drive a high-impedance load. The output stage will be damaged if it is operated into an open circuit (or any other high impedance). Failures due to improper output loading are not covered by the warranty.

#### USE LOW-INDUCTANCE LOADS

Lenz's Law predicts that for an inductive voltage spike will be generated when the current through an inductance changes. Specifically,  $V_{SPIKE} = L \times dI_{LOAD}/dt$ , where L is the inductance,  $I_{LOAD}$  is the load current change, and t is time. For this reason, it is important to keep any parasitic in the load low. This means keeping wiring short, and using low inductance components. In particular, wire-wound resistors should be avoided.

# PREVENTING DAMAGE

The AVB1-1-C may fail if triggered at a PRF greater than 100 kHz.

This unit is designed to operate into a load impedance of 50 Ohms and the output stage will be damaged if it is operated into an open circuit (or any other high impedance). Failures due to improper output loading are not covered by the warranty.

The lifetime of the switching elements in the pulse generator module is proportional to the running time of the instrument. For this reason the prime power to the instrument should be turned off when the instrument is not in use.

#### **MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

#### TOP COVER REMOVAL

If necessary, the interior of the instrument may be accessed by removing the four Phillips screws on the top panel. With the four screws removed, the top cover may be slid back (and off).

Always disconnect the power cord and allow the instrument to sit unpowered for 10 minutes before opening the instrument. This will allow any internal stored charge to discharge.

There are no user-adjustable internal circuits. For repairs other than fuse replacement, please contact Avtech (info@avtechpulse.com) to arrange for the instrument to be returned to the factory for repair. Service is to be performed solely by qualified service personnel.

Caution: High voltages are present inside the instrument during normal operation. Do not operate the instrument with the cover removed.

#### RACK MOUNTING

A rack mounting kit is available. The -R5 rack mount kit may be installed after first removing the one Phillips screw on the side panel adjacent to the front handle.

#### ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE

To prevent electromagnetic interference with other equipment, all used outputs should be connected to shielded loads using shielded coaxial cables. Unused outputs should be terminated with shielded coaxial terminators or with shielded coaxial dust caps, to prevent unintentional electromagnetic radiation. All cords and cables should be less than 3m in length.

#### MAINTENANCE

#### **REGULAR MAINTENANCE**

This instrument does not require any regular maintenance.

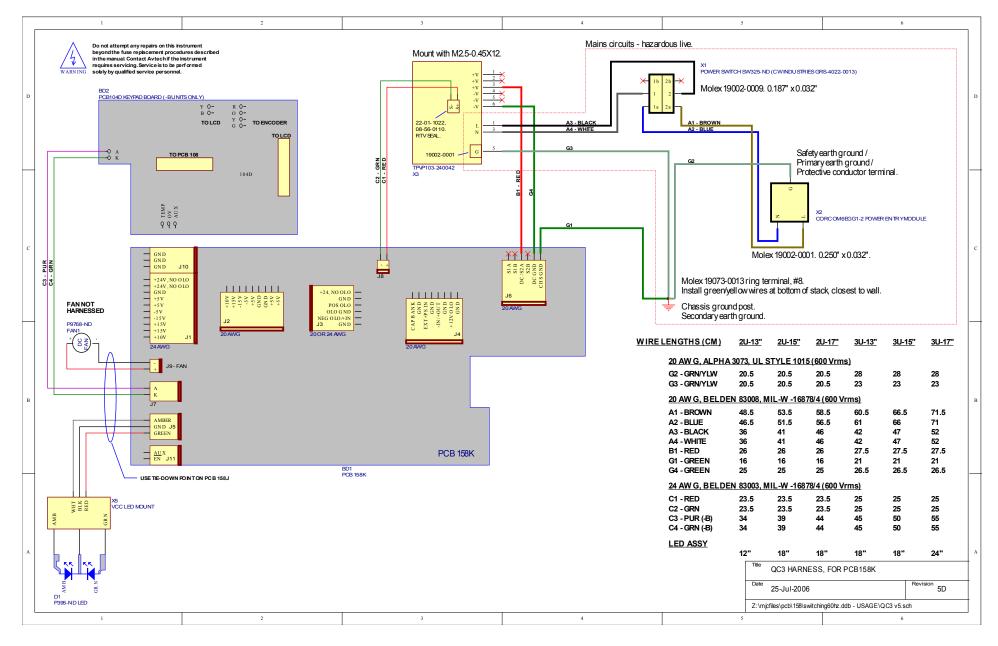
On occasion, one or more of the four rear-panel fuses may require replacement. All fuses can be accessed from the rear panel. See the "FUSES" section for details.

#### **CLEANING**

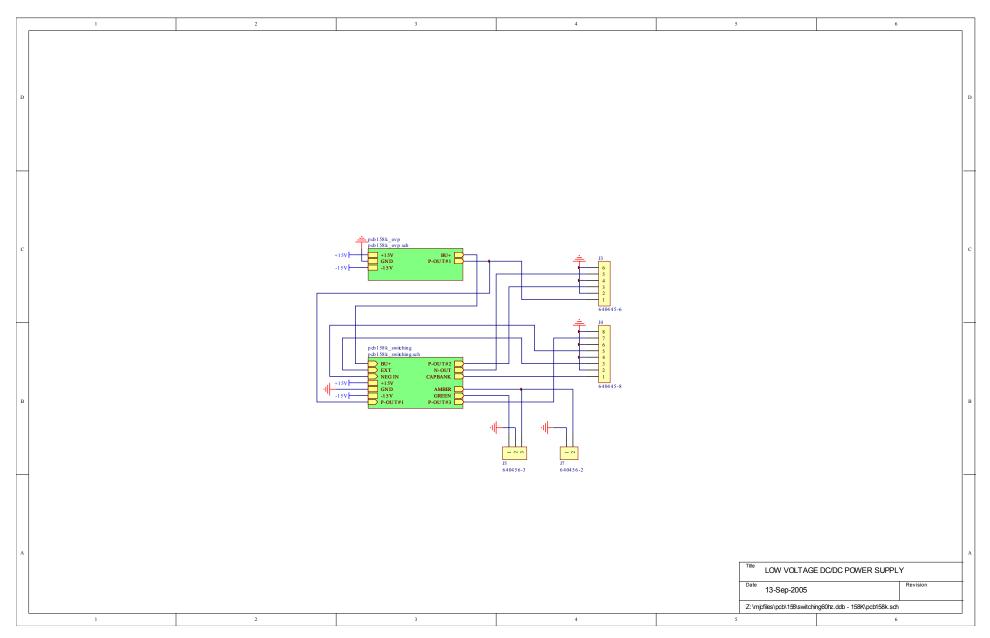
If desired, the interior of the instrument may be cleaned using compressed air to dislodge any accumulated dust. (See the "TOP COVER REMOVAL" section for instructions on accessing the interior.) No other cleaning is recommended.

#### WIRING DIAGRAMS

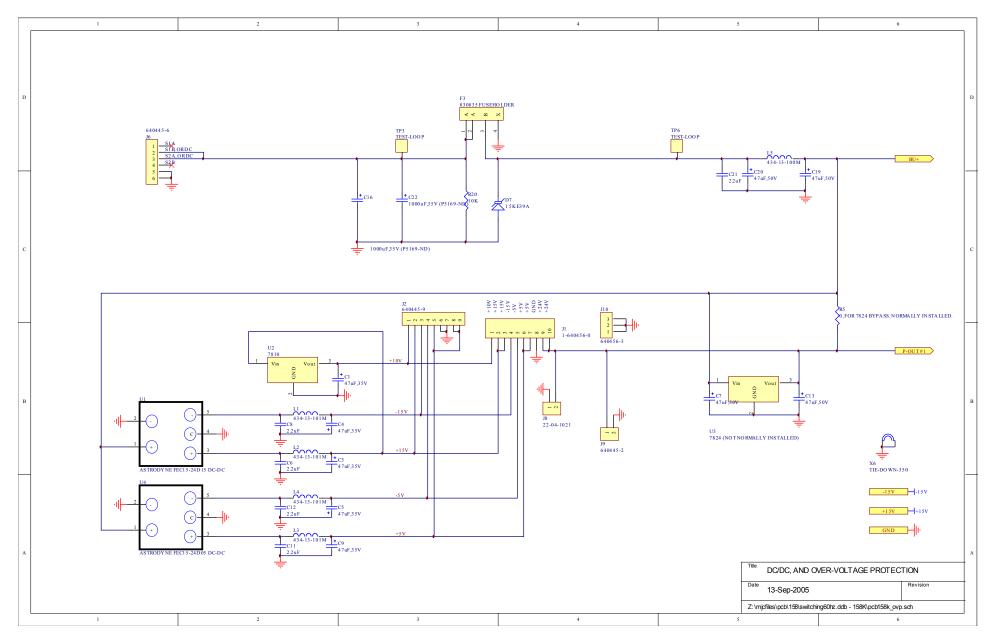
# WIRING OF AC POWER



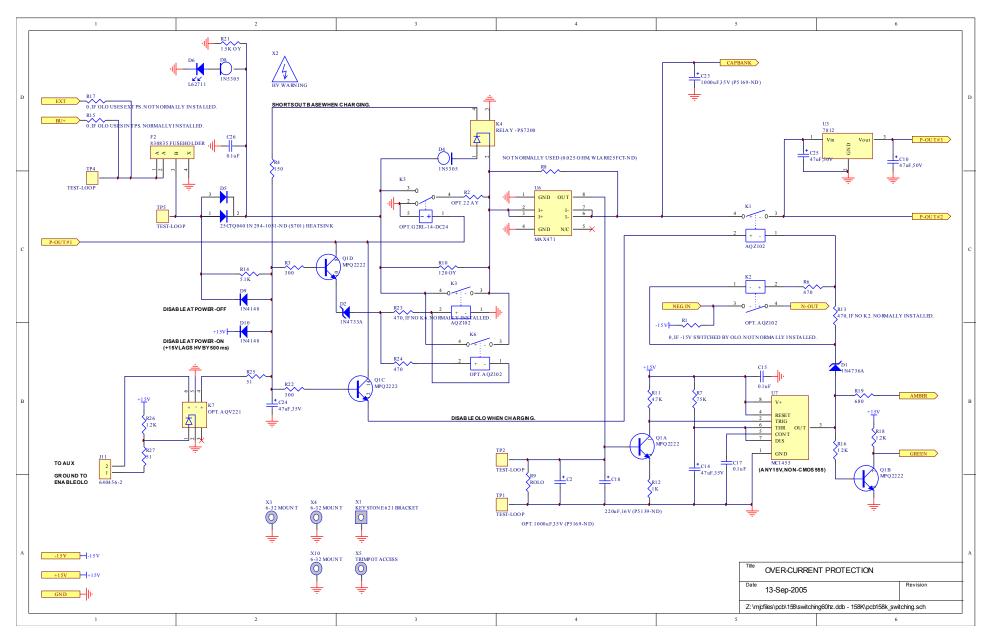
# PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 1/3



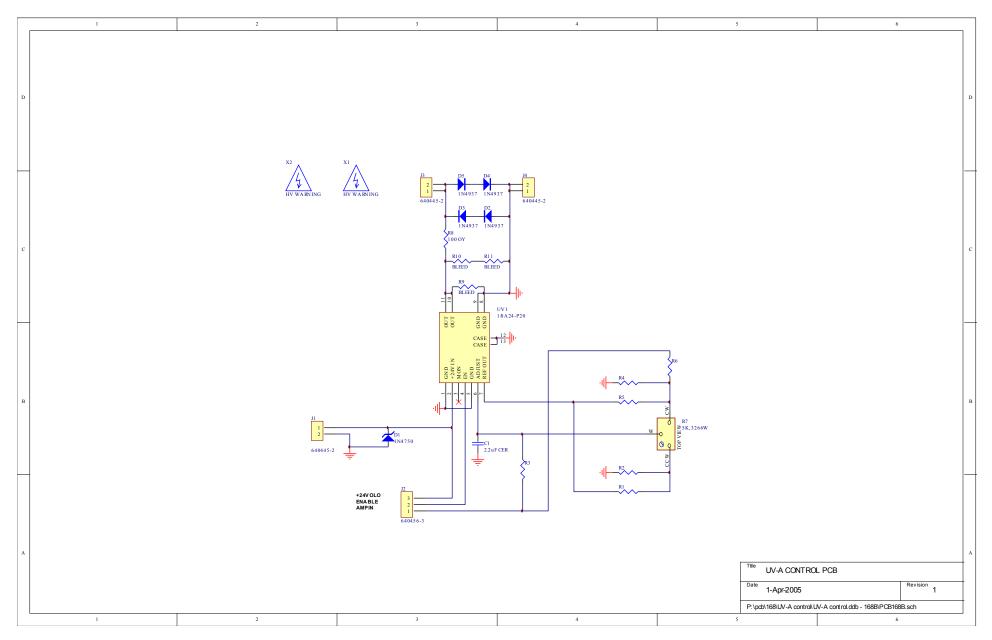
# PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 2/3



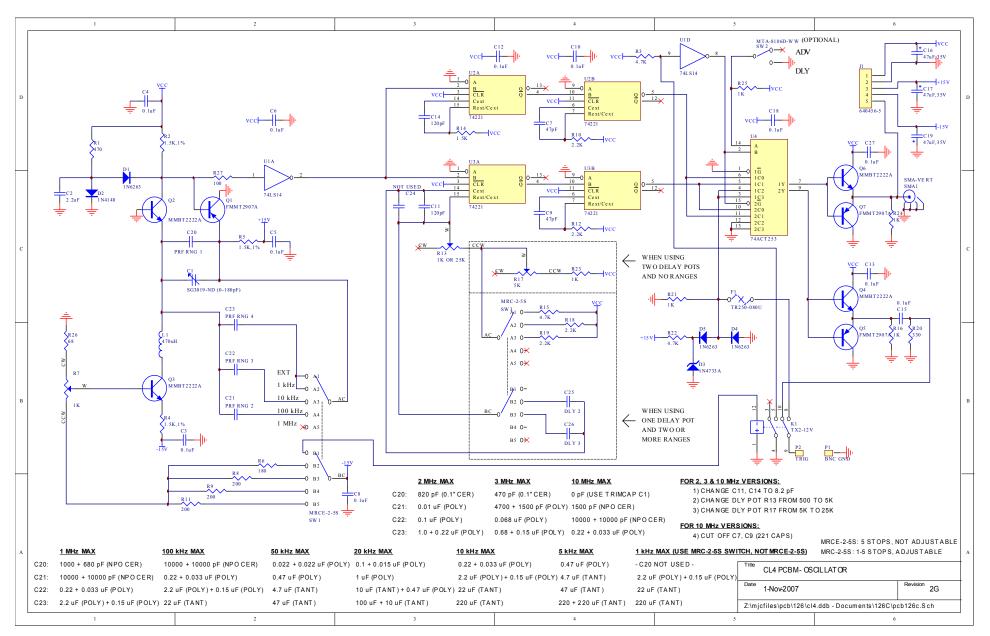
# PCB 158K - LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY, 3/3



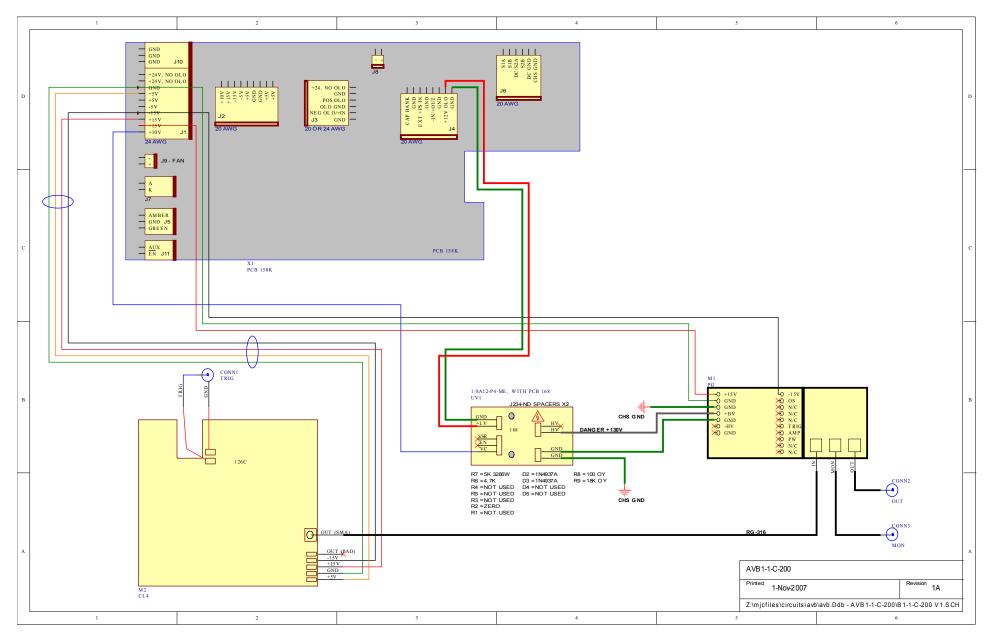
# PCB 168B - HIGH VOLTAGE DC POWER SUPPLY



#### PCB 126C - OSCILLATOR AND TRIGGER CIRCUIT



# MAIN WIRING



# PERFORMANCE CHECK SHEET